

Name: _____

AMDG

The School of the
Cathedral of Mary Our Queen

INCOMING

3rd Grade

Due
Thursday,
August
31st
2023

Summer
Work
Packet



NAME: _____

Color the picture using the code at the bottom.



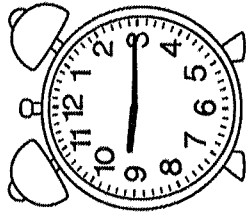
Telling Time nearest 5 minutes

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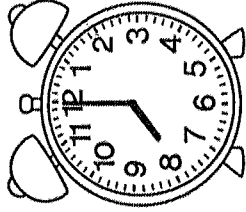
Name: _____

Draw a line from the camp activity in the middle to the clock that shows the time of the activity. The clocks with the matching times for the morning schedule are on the left, and the clocks for the afternoon schedule are on the right.

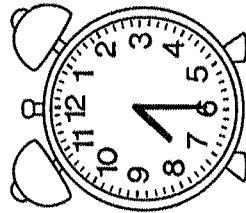
Morning Schedule



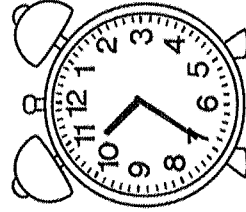
Wake Up
7:30



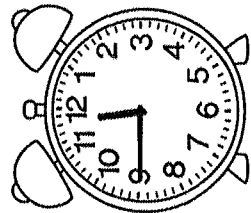
Breakfast
8:00



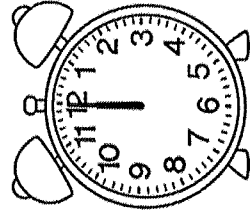
Archery
9:15



Outside Sports
10:35

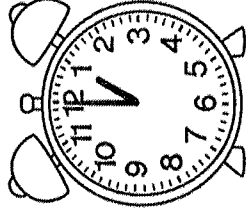


Painting/Art
11:45

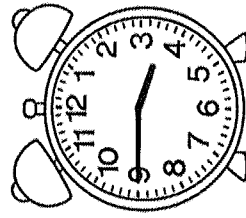


Lunch
12:00

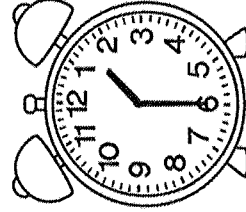
Afternoon Schedule



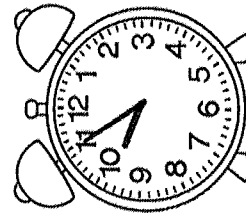
Break
1:00



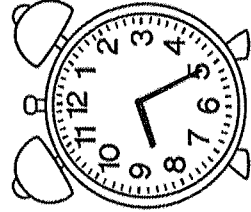
Swimming
1:30



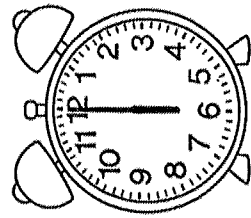
Horseback Riding
3:45



Dinner
6:00



Camp Fire
8:25



Lights Out
9:55

Comparing Numbers

Name: _____

- o Compare each set of numbers by filling the blank with the symbol that makes the statement true (< or >).
- o Circle the greater number in each pair.
- o Use the letter under each of the greater numbers to find the answer to the secret message.
- o Cut the secret message part away from the page to create a bookmark!

1. 177 169
M A

7. 506 500
K E

2. 519 555
H I

8. 367 297
H T

3. 399 401
R E

9. 929 939
R T

4. 796 845
S P

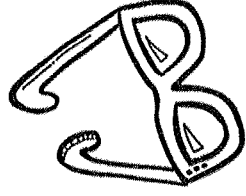
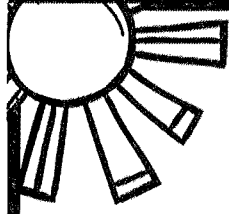
10. 237 137
A M

5. 890 845
R S

11. 367 385
E U

6. 637 367
L P

12. 105 110
L S

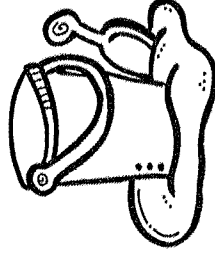
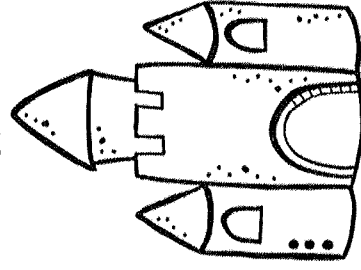


177 237 506 401 237

110 845 637 237 110 367

939 367 555 110

110 385 177 177 401 890



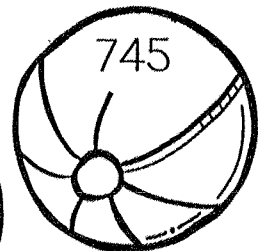
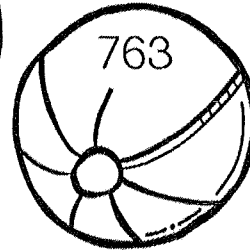
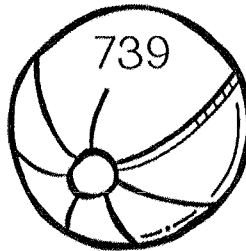
Ordering Numbers To 1,200

Name: _____

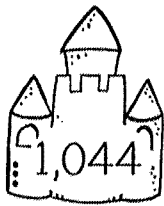
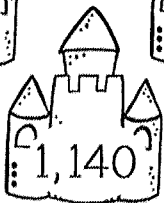
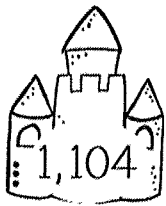
Order the numbers shown on the objects.



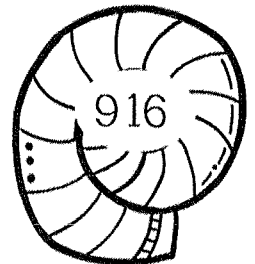
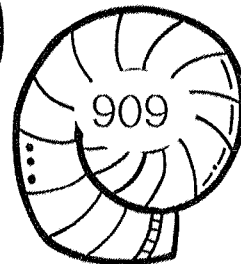
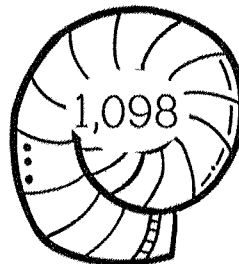
_____ , _____ , _____
greatest , , least



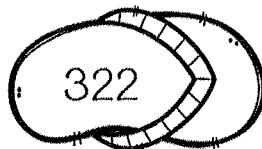
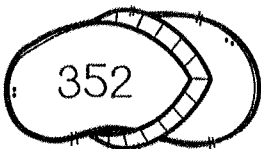
_____ , _____ , _____
greatest , , least



_____ , _____ , _____
least , , greatest



_____ , _____ , _____
greatest , , least



_____ , _____ , _____
least , , greatest

Color the sums and differences BLUE

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1. $13+30=$ 6. $53-50=$ 11. $15-10=$ 16. $63-10=$
2. $54-20=$ 7. $72-40=$ 12. $30+11=$ 17. $20+31=$
3. $10+15=$ 8. $3+20=$ 13. $12-10=$ 18. $75-20=$
4. $42+10=$ 9. $44-40=$ 14. $31-30=$ 19. $35+10=$
5. $41-20=$ 10. $64-10=$ 15. $42-30=$ 20. $10+4=$

Color the sums and differences RED

1. $86-30=$ 16. $74+20=$ 31. $37-20=$
2. $30+30=$ 17. $47+10=$ 32. $66+50=$
3. $10+69=$ 18. $10+10=$ 33. $130-10=$
4. $10+86=$ 19. $94-20=$ 34. $19+40=$
5. $107-10=$ 20. $20+58=$ 35. $26+50=$
6. $60+39=$ 21. $30+8=$ 36. $65+50=$
7. $109+10=$ 22. $30+61=$ 37. $67-30=$
8. $6+10=$ 23. $102+10=$ 38. $101+10=$
9. $42+30=$ 24. $19+20=$ 39. $87-10=$
10. $105-30=$ 25. $105-10=$ 40. $49-30=$
11. $30+63=$ 26. $70-30=$ 41. $1+70=$
12. $70+30=$ 27. $112-20=$ 42. $108-10=$
13. $40+40=$ 28. $84+30=$ 43. $107+10=$
14. $66-30=$ 29. $93-20=$ 44. $48-30=$
15. $98-40=$ 30. $103+10=$ 45. $98+20=$

Name: _____

o Use Mental Math strategies to add or subtract the multiple of ten.

o Color the sum or difference the color at the top of the box to find the mystery picture!

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110
111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120

Adding Multiple 2-digit Numbers

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Name: _____

Add each set of numbers to find the sum. Use the sum to fill in the secret code on the right and find some fun things to do this summer. Then, check the box beside your favorite activity!

4 5 1 6 3 +1 0 N=	1 3 2 2 4 7 +1 1 W=	3 3 6 1 4 + 4 A=	2 0 1 3 2 1 + 6 I=	1 5 1 2 1 3 +1 1 G=
3 2 8 1 4 +2 4 S=	1 2 9 2 4 +1 1 Y=	5 5 4 2 6 + 3 O=	4 1 3 3 +1 8 V=	1 5 1 6 6 +1 0 M=
6 0 2 0 3 + 6 L=	2 5 3 1 4 + 6 C=	1 0 1 1 5 + 3 E=	2 7 2 3 2 1 +2 6 T=	3 3 3 0 5 +1 3 P=

What is your favorite thing to do in the summer?

☐

$$\begin{array}{r} 78 \\ + 93 \\ \hline 60 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 47 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

☐

$$\begin{array}{r} 51 \\ + 88 \\ \hline 66 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 57 \\ + 47 \\ \hline 81 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 60 \\ + 74 \\ \hline 51 \end{array}$$

☐

$$\begin{array}{r} 47 \\ + 88 \\ \hline 38 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 60 \\ + 29 \\ \hline 78 \end{array}$$

☐

$$\begin{array}{r} 81 \\ + 89 \\ \hline 57 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 65 \\ + 51 \\ \hline 47 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 29 \\ + 78 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

☐

$$\begin{array}{r} 78 \\ + 89 \\ \hline 29 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 81 \\ + 89 \\ \hline 57 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 97 \\ + 29 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

☐

$$\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ + 57 \\ \hline 66 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 57 \\ + 97 \\ \hline 60 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 88 \\ + 74 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Ways to Make a Number

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Each box shows an addition sentence that is solved for you. Look at the two addition sentences below each box. Select the one that shows another way to make the sum from the first addition sentence. Use the letter beside the addition fact with the same sum to fill in the secret code and discover things that you might see at the beach! The first one is done for you!

22+56=78	<input type="text"/> 33+45	<input type="text"/> 56+34=90	38+45=83	44+15=59	71+24=95	
<input type="text"/> 28+26	<input type="text"/> 21+62=83	<input type="text"/> 52+12=64	<input type="text"/> 35+29	<input type="text"/> 18+24	<input type="text"/> 25+31	
20+19=39	<input type="text"/> 41+26	<input type="text"/> 38+39=77	<input type="text"/> 28+42	<input type="text"/> 72+19	<input type="text"/> 33+45	
<input type="text"/> 15+25	<input type="text"/> 52+25	<input type="text"/> 24+17=41	<input type="text"/> 19+22	<input type="text"/> 31+37=68	<input type="text"/> 45+40	
<input type="text"/> 25+14	<input type="text"/> 13+45=58	<input type="text"/> 29+33	<input type="text"/> 31+25	<input type="text"/> 23+45		
<input type="text"/> 47+15=62	<input type="text"/> 19+27	<input type="text"/> 36+55=91	<input type="text"/> 28+26			
<input type="text"/> 19+27	<input type="text"/> 55+30=85	<input type="text"/> 72+19				
<input type="text"/> 29+33	<input type="text"/> 33+45	<input type="text"/> 34+64				
<input type="text"/> 13+45=58	<input type="text"/> 45+40	<input type="text"/> 31+37=68				
<input type="text"/> 29+29		<input type="text"/> 23+45				
<input type="text"/> 31+25		<input type="text"/> 28+26				

Things You Might
See at the Beach

$\frac{59}{95} \frac{58}{78}$

$\frac{59}{85} \frac{83}{64} \frac{68}{58} \frac{41}{41}$

$\frac{42}{95} \frac{59}{39} \frac{62}{77} \frac{59}{59}$

$\frac{91}{77} \frac{95}{42} \frac{54}{54}$

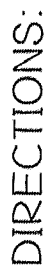
$\frac{91}{95} \frac{62}{62} \frac{59}{59}$


$\frac{42}{83} \frac{95}{91} \frac{59}{59}$

$\frac{64}{68} \frac{59}{54}$

Name: _____

Name: _____



- 
- o Start at 701.
- o Follow the seashells around the path by writing the number you are asked for (1 less, 1 more, 10 less or 10 more).
- o When you reach the last shell, you will have a complete path!

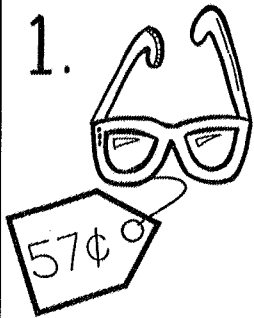
counting coins

Name: _____

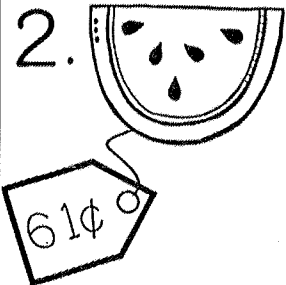
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Color the coins you could use to buy each item.

1.



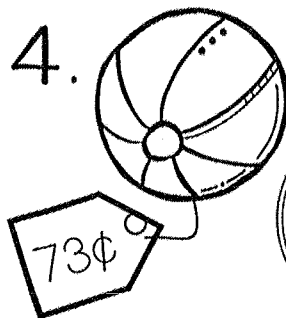
2.



3.



4.



5.



Adding 3-digit Numbers

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Name: _____

Practice Adding 3-Digit Numbers with Regrouping!

1. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 486 \\ +237 \\ \hline \end{array}$

2. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 135 \\ +547 \\ \hline \end{array}$

3. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 253 \\ +458 \\ \hline \end{array}$

4. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 167 \\ +135 \\ \hline \end{array}$

5. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 366 \\ +268 \\ \hline \end{array}$

6. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 137 \\ +338 \\ \hline \end{array}$

7. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 363 \\ +289 \\ \hline \end{array}$

8. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 141 \\ +158 \\ \hline \end{array}$

9. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 175 \\ +158 \\ \hline \end{array}$

10. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 344 \\ +181 \\ \hline \end{array}$

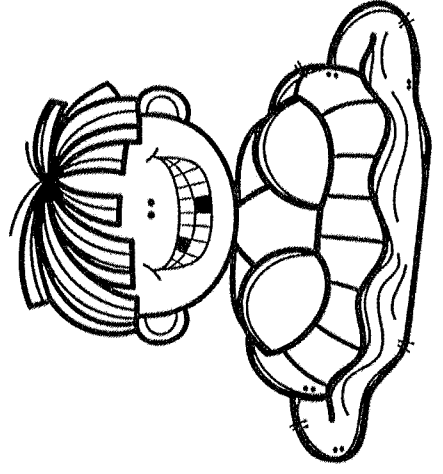
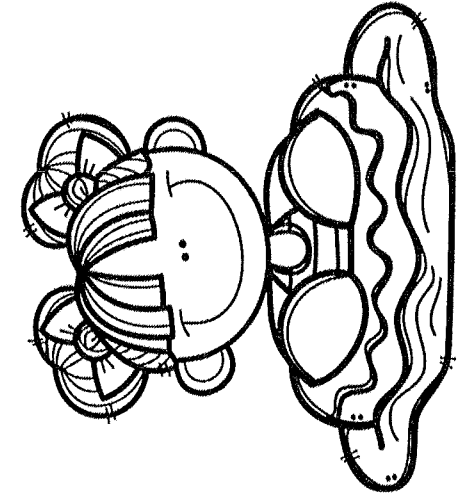
11. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 268 \\ +136 \\ \hline \end{array}$

12. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 122 \\ +132 \\ \hline \end{array}$

13. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 635 \\ +135 \\ \hline \end{array}$

14. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 249 \\ +429 \\ \hline \end{array}$

15. $\begin{array}{r} \square\square\square \\ 511 \\ +195 \\ \hline \end{array}$



Subtract 3-Digit Numbers

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Name: _____

Practice Adding 3-Digit Numbers with Regrouping!

$$\begin{array}{r} 1. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 3 & 12 & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{427} \\ -175 \\ \hline 252 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{672} \\ -467 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{677} \\ -293 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{845} \\ -418 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{891} \\ -553 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{644} \\ -362 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{444} \\ -207 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

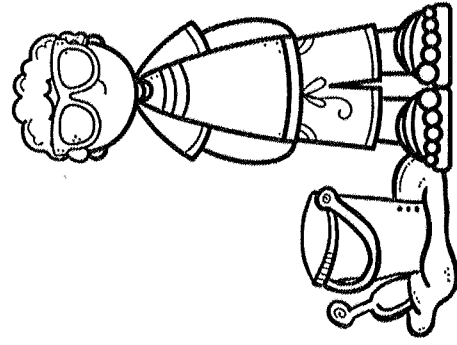
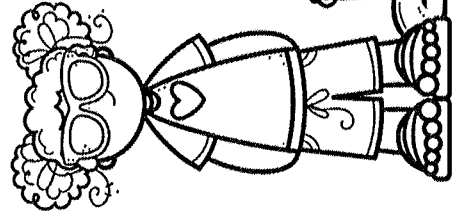
$$\begin{array}{r} 8. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{674} \\ -138 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{986} \\ -228 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{429} \\ -141 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{737} \\ -443 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{545} \\ -526 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 13. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{865} \\ -257 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{909} \\ -354 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15. \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline & & \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \underline{735} \\ -362 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Name _____

Lesson 2

Multiplication as Repeated Addition

ESSENTIAL QUESTION ?
What does multiplication mean?

There are many ways to find the total when there are groups of equal objects.



Math in My World



Example 1

Gilberto made 4 small pizzas for his party. Each pizza had 5 slices of tomato. How many slices of tomato did Gilberto use to make 4 small pizzas?

Find how many slices of tomato there are in 4 groups of 5.

One Way Draw a picture.

- 1 There are _____ groups. Draw 4 pizzas.
- 2 There are _____ in each group.
Draw 5 slices of tomato on each pizza.
- 3 Count. There are _____ slices of tomato.

Another Way Use repeated addition.

Write an addition sentence to show the equal groups.

_____ + _____ + _____ + _____ = _____

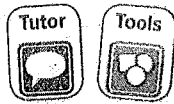
So, _____ groups of _____ is _____.

Gilberto used _____ slices of tomato.



When you find the total of equal groups of objects, you **multiply**.
 The symbol (\times) means to multiply. The numbers multiplied are **factors**.
 The result is the **product**.

Example 2

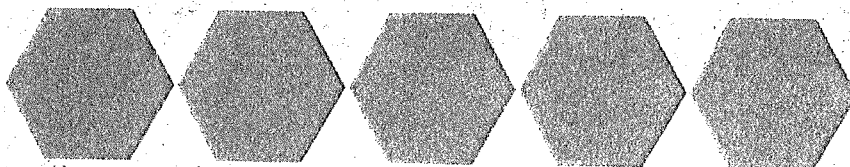


A honeycomb cell has 6 sides. How many sides do 5 separated honeycomb cells have?

Find 5 groups of 6.

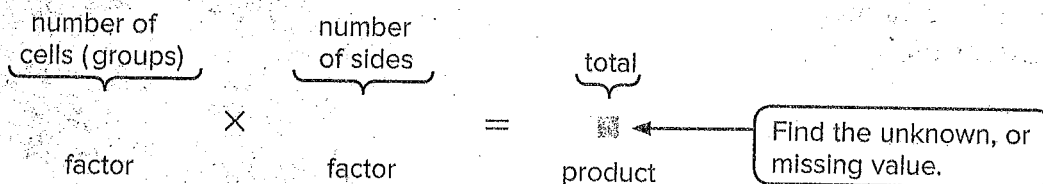
One Way Write an addition sentence.

Use five 6-sided pattern blocks. Count the number of sides in all.



$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Another Way Write a multiplication sentence.



So, _____ groups of 6 is _____. The unknown is _____ sides.

Guided Practice

- Write an addition sentence and a multiplication sentence.



$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

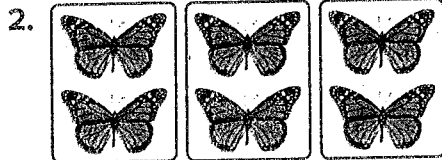
Talk MATH

Can you write $2 + 3 + 4 = 9$ as a multiplication sentence? Explain.

Name _____

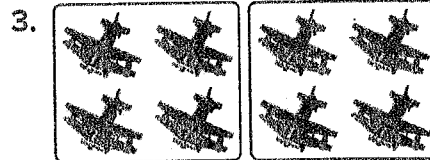
Independent Practice

Write an addition sentence and a multiplication sentence for each.



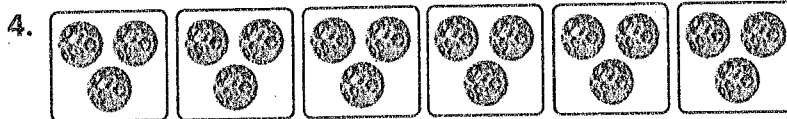
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Draw a picture to find the total. Write a multiplication sentence.

6. 6 groups of 5

7. 8 groups of 4

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Algebra Multiply to find the unknown product.

8. $3 \times 5 = \square$

9. $5 \times 2 = \square$

10. $3 \times 3 = \square$

The unknown is _____

The unknown is _____

The unknown is _____



Problem Solving

Algebra Write a multiplication sentence with a symbol for the unknown. Then solve.

11. Adriano bought 3 boxes of paints. Each box has 8 colors.
What is the total number of colors?

$$3 \times 8 = \square$$

$$3 \times 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ colors}$$

12. Three boys each have 5 balloons. How many balloons do they have all together?

$$\square \times \square = \square$$

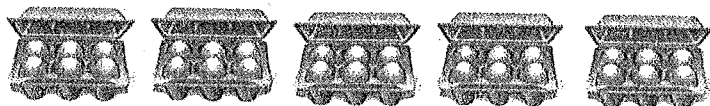
$$\square \times \square = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ balloons}$$

Brain Builders

Processes & Practices



Model Math Write a real-world problem for the model. Write a multiplication sentence to find the total.



Processes & Practices



Use Number Sense What is 9 more than 5 groups of 3? How many groups of 4 can you make with that number?

15. **? Building on the Essential Question** How are multiplication and repeated addition alike? Give an example.

Name _____

MY Homework

Lesson 2

Multiplication as Repeated Addition

Homework Helper



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Dani will put 2 forks at each of the 8 table settings. How many forks does she need in all?

Find 8 groups of 2.

Write an addition sentence to show the equal groups.

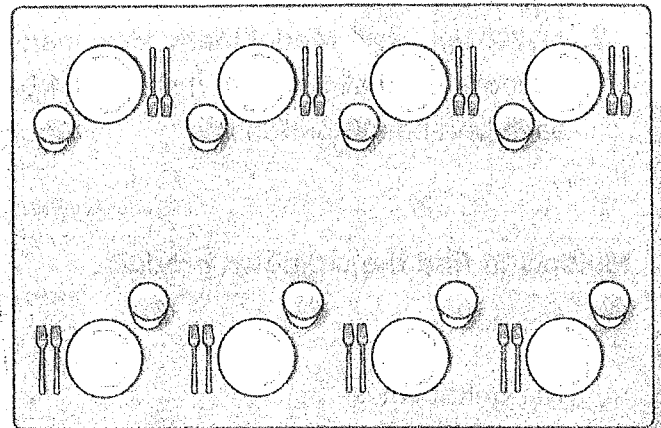
$$2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 16$$

Write a multiplication sentence to show 8 groups of 2.

$$8 \times 2 = \square \quad \leftarrow \text{Find the unknown.}$$

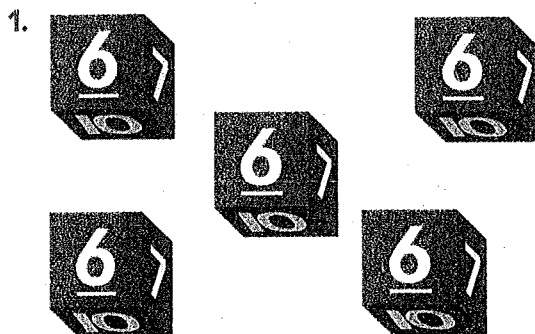
$$8 \times 2 = 16$$

So, 8 groups of 2 is 16. The unknown is 16 forks.



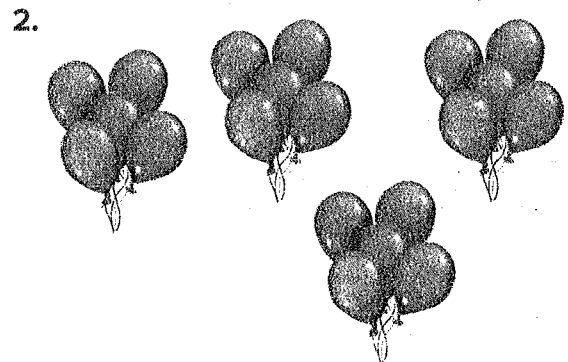
Practice

Write an addition sentence and a multiplication sentence for each.



$$6 + 6 + \square + \square + \square = \square$$

$$\square \times \square = \square$$



$$\square + \square + \square + \square = \square$$

$$\square \times \square = \square$$



Problem Solving

Draw a picture to find the total. Write a multiplication sentence.

3. 7 groups of 1 green grape

4. 9 groups of 2 square crackers

_____ \times _____ = _____

_____ \times _____ = _____

Processes & Practices



Model Math How many buttons does

Leonora have all together if she has 4 bags of buttons and each bag has 10 buttons?

_____ \times _____ = _____

Multiply to find the unknown product.

6. $8 \times 3 = \square$

7. $4 \times 3 = \square$

The unknown is _____.

The unknown is _____.

Vocabulary Check



Use the correct word(s) and the number sentence $6 \times 8 = 48$ to solve.

equal groups repeated addition multiply factors product

8. The number 48 is the _____.

9. The symbol \times tells you to _____.

10. The numbers 6 and 8 are the _____.

11. $8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 8 + 8 = 48$ shows _____.

12. 6×8 means 6 _____ of 8.



Brain Builders

13. **Test Practice** Sam and Bo are washing windows. Each boy washes 5 windows in each of 7 rooms. How many windows do they wash?

(A) 2 windows

(C) 35 windows

(B) 12 windows

(D) 70 windows

Name _____

Lesson 2

Division as Equal Sharing

ESSENTIAL QUESTION
What does division mean?

One way to **divide** is to find the number in each group. This can be done by equal sharing.



Math in My World



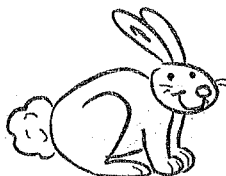
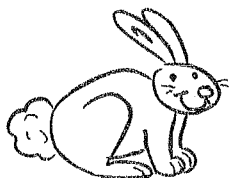
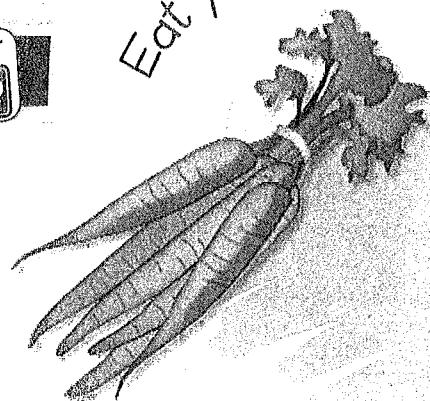
Example 1

Nolan feeds 6 carrots equally to 3 rabbits.

How many carrots does each rabbit get?

- * Draw one carrot at a time next to each rabbit until there are no more carrots.

Eat your veggies!



Write a division sentence to represent the problem.

A **division sentence** is a number sentence that uses the operation of division.

6 carrots equally shared by 3 rabbits gives _____ carrots to each rabbit.

$6 \div 3 =$ _____ There are _____ carrots for each rabbit.

You can think of division sentences in two ways.

6 items
3 equal groups
2 items in each group

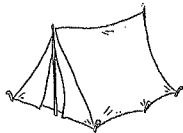
$$6 \div 3 = 2$$

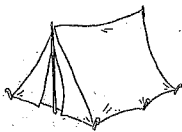
6 items
2 equal groups
3 items in each group

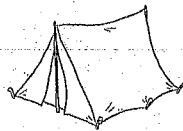
You can draw an array to help you divide.

Example 2

Fifteen scouts equally shared 3 tents. How many scouts are in each tent? Place one counter (scout) at a time next to each tent until all the counters are gone. Draw a sketch of your counters.







Helpful Hint

When you divide, you share an equal number to all of the groups.

_____ scouts \div _____ tents = _____ scouts in each tent

_____ \div _____ = _____

There will be _____ scouts in each tent.

Guided Practice

Use counters to find how many are in each group.

1. 10 counters

2 equal groups

_____ in each group

$$10 \div 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2. 14 counters

7 equal groups

_____ in each group

$$14 \div 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

3. 20 counters

5 equal groups

_____ in each group

$$20 \div 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Talk MATH

Explain what it means to share equally when dividing.

Name _____

Independent Practice

Use counters to find how many are in each group.

4. 12 counters
2 equal groups

_____ in each group

$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

5. 16 counters
4 equal groups

_____ in each group

$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

6. 18 counters
6 equal groups

_____ in each group

$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Use counters to find the number of equal groups.

7. 8 counters
_____ equal groups

4 in each group

$$8 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 4$$

8. 21 counters
_____ equal groups

7 in each group

$$21 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 7$$

9. 18 counters
_____ equal groups

9 in each group

$$18 \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 9$$

Use counters to draw an array. Write a division sentence.

10. Draw 9 counters in 3 equal rows.

There are _____ in each row.

$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

11. Draw 14 counters in 2 equal rows.

There are _____ in each row.

$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \div \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Algebra Draw lines to match each division sentence with its correct unknown.

12. $24 \div \square = 3$

• 5

13. $30 \div 6 = \square$

• 7

14. $42 \div \square = 6$

• 8

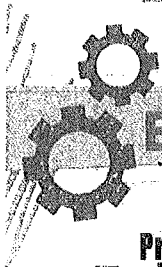
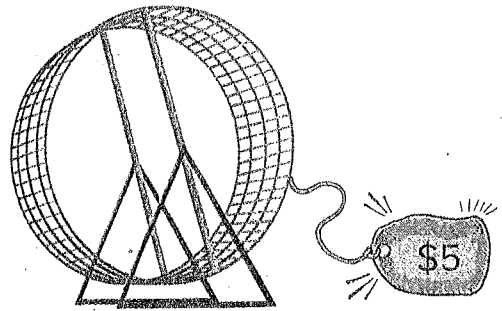


Problem Solving

Draw a picture to solve. Then write a division sentence.

15. Marla has \$25. How many hamster wheels can she buy?

16. A seamstress needs 18 feet of fabric. How many yards of fabric does she need?
(Hint: 1 yard = 3 feet)



Brain Builders

Processes & Practices



1 Plan Your Solution

There are 6 juice boxes in a package.
How many packages need to be bought
if 24 juice boxes are needed for a picnic?
Write a division sentence with a symbol
for the unknown. Then solve.

Processes & Practices



- 4 Model Math Write a real-world
problem that uses the division sentence $12 \div 6 = \square$.
Then find the unknown.

Write a related multiplication sentence to check your answer.

19.  **Building on the Essential Question** How is dividing
like sharing?

Name _____

MY Homework

Lesson 2

Division as Equal Sharing

Homework Helper

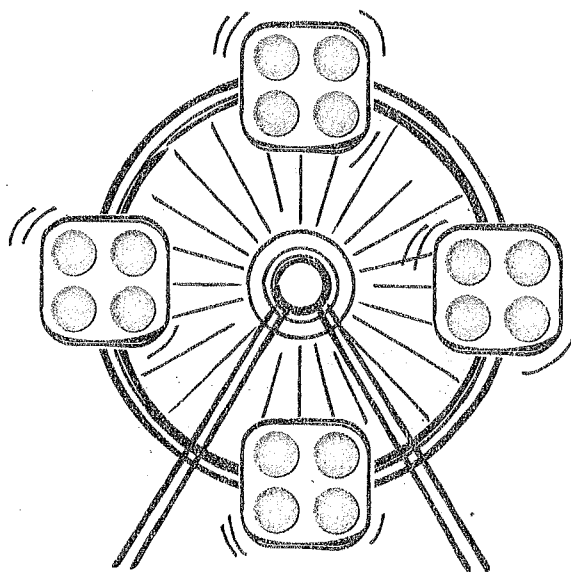


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There are 16 people on a ride at the fair.
They are divided evenly among 4 carts.
How many people are in each cart?

Use counters to solve the problem.

- 1 Start with 16 counters to represent the 16 people.
- 2 Divide the counters evenly among the carts.
- 3 16 riders divided equally among 4 carts is 4 riders per cart.



So, $16 \div 4 = 4$.

Practice

Use counters to find how many are in each group.

1. 21 counters

7 equal groups

_____ in each group

$$21 \div 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

3. 18 counters

3 equal groups

_____ in each group

$$18 \div 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2. 16 counters

2 equal groups

_____ in each group

$$16 \div 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

4. 30 counters

6 equal groups

_____ in each group

$$30 \div 6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Use counters to find the number of equal groups.

5. 24 counters

_____ equal groups

3 in each group

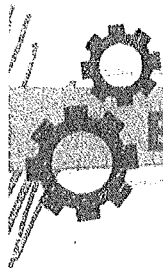
$$24 \div \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 3$$

6. 24 counters

_____ equal groups

6 in each group

$$24 \div \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 6$$



Brain Builders

Draw a picture to solve. Then write a division sentence.

7. Amy and 3 friends want to share 8 apples equally.
How many apples will each person get?

**Processes
& Practices**



Model Math Sarah has 32 crackers.
She eats 2 and throws away 2 that she dropped.
Sarah puts the rest of the crackers into 4 equal
groups. How many crackers are in each group?

Vocabulary Check



Draw an example or write a definition beneath each vocabulary word.

9. array

10. divide

11. division sentence

12. **Test Practice** There are 12 girls and 13 boys in Mr. Copa's class. He divides the students into equal groups of 5. How many students are in each group?

- (A) 5 students (C) 15 students
(B) 10 students (D) 20 students

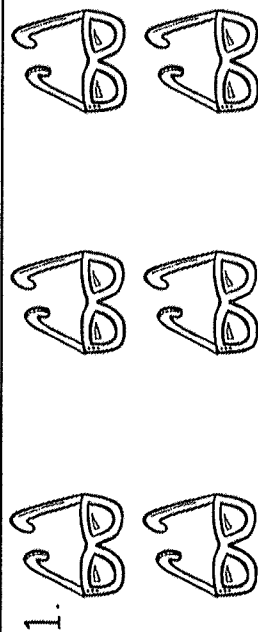
Multiplication

Name: _____

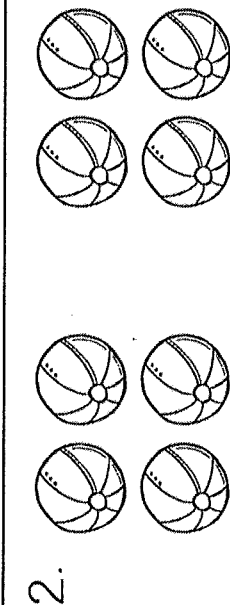
Circle the groups in each picture.

Use the picture to write a multiplication sentence.

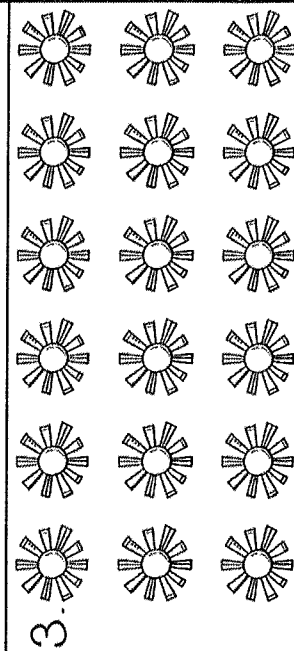
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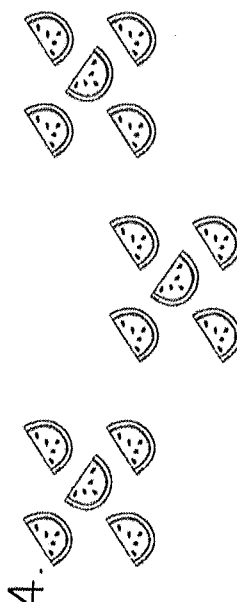
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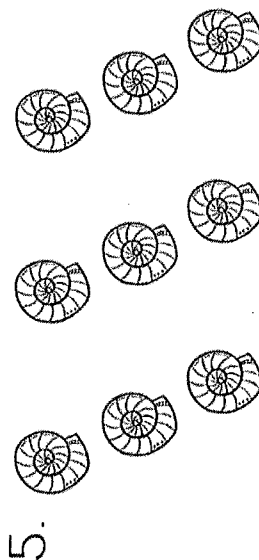
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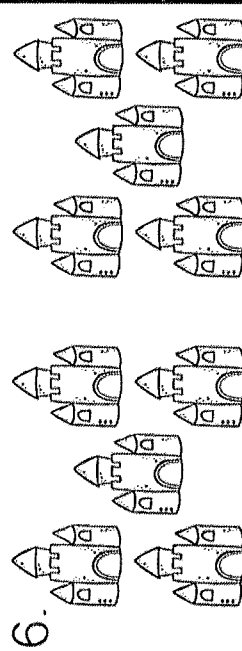
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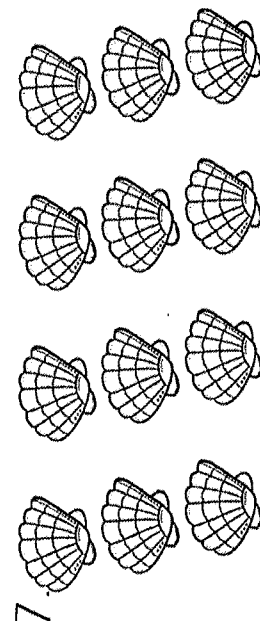
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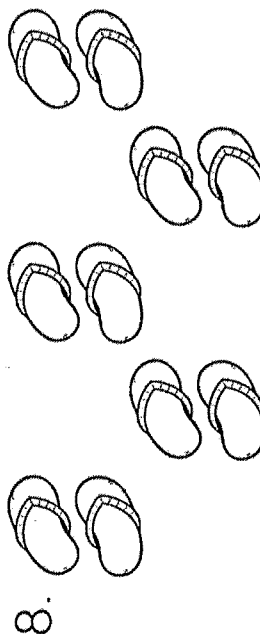
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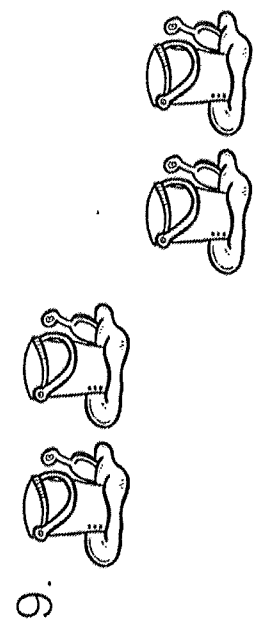
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